Stow Heath Primary School Impact of the Pupil Premium Spend 2016-2017



Early Years	
What provision was there?	• There were 12 pupils in Reception in receipt of the PPG out of cohort of 60 with an equal 50/50 split of boys and girls who were PP.
	 Proportion of SLT salary used to target pupils based on individual needs.
	 Additional RWI lessons planned into curriculum with further interventions for identified pupils.
What was the	✓ PP pupils attained higher than non PP pupils in Reading, Writing and Maths
impact of the provision?	✓ Clear upward trend over 3 years in the % of PP pupils achieving a good level of development.
	✓ Upward trend from 2016 to 2017 in the % achieving a good level of development for both PP boys (48% to 58%) and PP girls (65% to 73%)
Next Steps for 2017-2018	> Increase the % of PP boys achieving a good level of development so that the gap is narrowed between PP girls and boys in the Early Years.

DI CI	1 (0) 4)
Phonic Chec What provision was there?	 There were 22 pupils (13 boys and 9 girls) Regular half termly assessment of Phonics with subsequent regrouping. Additional teachers/TAs and Senior Leaders deployed to key groups of pupils
	 following assessments Planned focused interventions to ensure those at risk of not passing the check did pass.
What was the impact of the provision?	 ✓ 18% more PP pupils passed the Phonic Check in 2017 than in 2016 (50% to 68%) ✓ The gap between PP and non PP narrowed from 37% in 2016 to 8% in 2017 ✓ All PP girls passed the Phonic Check in 2017. This is a 43% increase on 2016 outcomes and demonstrates an upward trend for PP girls in the Phonic Check over time.
	✓ There was a 15% gain in the number of PP pupils who achieved a 2+ at the end of EYFS and the number of PP pupils achieving the expected standard in the Phonic Check. (EYFS 2+ 53% to 68% Y1 Phonics)
Next Steps for 2017-2018	Increase the % of PP boys reaching the expected standard of the Phonic Check to narrow the gap with PP girls through the targeting and intervention of this identified group. Increase % of PP boys who pass the check to around 75%.

Key Stage One

Stow Heath Primary School Impact of the Pupil Premium Spend 2016-2017



What provision was there?	 Regular half termly Pupil Progress Meetings held with subsequent regrouping. Additional teachers/TAs and Senior Leaders deployed to key groups of pupils following assessments Planned focused interventions to ensure those at risk of not passing the check did pass.
What was the impact of the provision?	 ✓ Progress from EYFS to the end of Key Stage 1 shows that more PP pupils were at ARE by the end of Key Stage 1: Reading +10%; Writing +8%; Maths +22%. ✓ At the end of EYFS, 33% of PP pupils achieved a good level of development. The combined RWM for PP pupils at the end of Key Stage 1 was 48%, an increase of 15%.
Next Steps for 2017-2018	➤ Narrow the gap in attainment of PP boys and PP girls. PP girls attained better than PP boys. (Reading gap – 26%, Writing gap – 53%. Maths – 28%)

Key Stage T	Key Stage Two		
What provision was there?	 Regular half termly Pupil Progress Meetings held with subsequent regrouping. Additional teachers/TAs and Senior Leaders deployed to key groups of pupils following assessments Planned focused interventions to ensure those at risk of not passing the check did pass. 		
What was the impact of the provision?	 ✓ Progress from Key Stage 1 to the end of Key Stage 2 show that more PP pupils were working at ARE by the end of Key Stage 2: Reading +10%, Writing +10% and Maths +10% ✓ There was an increase on 2016 outcomes for the % of PP pupils reaching expected standard in Reading and Writing. 		
Next Steps for 2017-2018	➤ Increase the % of PP pupils who achieve expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths so that the gap with those not eligible for PP narrows in school and with those pupils nationally.		